

ಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂಬುದಾಗಿ ಸರಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಕಳುಹಿಸಿದಾಗ ಅದನ್ನು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ವಿಚಾರ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಎಲ್. ನರಸಿಂಹಯ್ಯ.—ನನ್ನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಹೀಗಿದೆ: ಹಿಂದೆ ಮಂಜೂರ್ ಆಗಿರತಕ್ಕ ಜಮೀನುಗಳಿಗಾಗಿ ದುಡ್ಡನ್ನು ಕೂಡ ಕಟ್ಟಿಯಾಗಿದೆ. ಅಂತಹ ಕೇಸುಗಳಿಗೆ ಈ ಆರ್ಡರು ಅನ್ವಯಿಸುತ್ತದೆಯೇ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಸ್ವೇ ಆರ್ಡರು ಅಂಥವುಗಳಿಗೆ ಅನ್ವಯಿಸುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿಚಾರ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೇನೆ

Sri B. RACHIAH.—How long will this stay order continue to remain in force?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Government want to withdraw the order as early as possible. There are some reasons for issuing the stay order. As soon as these reasons are satisfied, the stay order will be withdrawn.

Sri B. RACHIAH.—What are those reasons?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—The main reason is about the phodi work. In so many cases it is found that a particular extent of land is given and the occupant takes more lands. Possibly, the Hon'ble Members may be knowing that a number of questions have been asked in the Assembly itself and in so many cases there is a lot of encroachment. It is found that it is not desirable to grant the land unless the phodi work is done and that phodi work is being done now.

Sri B. RACHIAH.—What measures have Government taken to appoint surveyors to do *phodi* work?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—All the surveyors are allotted this work and they are doing that work at present.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎನ್. ಜಿ. ನರಸಿಂಹೇಗೌಡ.—ಅಮೃತ ಮಹಲ್ ಕಾವಲಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇರಿಸಿರತಕ್ಕ ಭೂಮಿಯ ಸಲುವಾಗಿ ಇರುವ ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳನ್ನು ವಿಲೇವಾರಿಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಒಂದು ಕಮಿಷನನ್ನು ನೇಮಕಮಾಡಿ ಅದರ ಮುಖಾಂತರ ವಿಲೇವಾರಿಮಾಡುವುದು ನ್ಯಾಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸೂಕ್ತವಲ್ಲವೇ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—That is a suggestion for action.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—May I know how much time Government is going to take to vacate this stay order?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—There is no question of fixing any time limit for this. Government wants to withdraw this stay order as early as possible.

Fair Price Depots in South Kanara.

Q.—743. Sri V. SRINIVASA SHETTY (Coondapoor).—

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(a) whether it is a fact that the food situation in the District of South Kanara is grave and still deteriorating;

(b) the number of fair price depots that have been opened in the district and the number that are actually distributing rice in each of the taluks;

(c) whether they propose to press the Central Government to open a Central Depot in the District without delay so as to help early supply of rice?

A.—Sri M. P. PATIL (Minister for Revenue).—

(a) The food situation cannot be said to be grave as adequate quantities of foodgrains are available in the Market.

(b) Mangalore	...	12
Karkal	...	1
Udipi	...	8
Coondapoor	...	1
Belthangady	...	1
Puttur	...	1

Total ... 24

(c) The Government of India who were addressed in the matter, have replied that they are not in favour of opening a Central Government Sales Depot in South Kanara District. But, however, they have promised to supply the requirements of rice of the South Kanara District from their Depot at Kazhikode.

Sri V. SRINIVASA SHETTY.—Is it a fact that the Government of India has stated recently that it was not going to supply rice to this State henceforth?

*Sri M. P. PATIL.—There is no question of supplying rice to South Kanara only. The Government of India have recently informed that they were not in a position to supply rice to Mysore State in future, but the Mysore Government have strongly represented that in case the supply of rice is stopped it would create a very serious

(SRI M. P. PATIL)

situation in the State and that representation is under consideration. I would like to inform Hon'ble Members that possibly we would be able to find out some satisfactory solution.

Sri C. K. RAJIAH SETTY.—Is it a fact that the Government of India have formed a Zone called the Southern Zone for food in which Mysore State finds a place?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Yes.

Sri C. K. RAJIAH SETTY.—Can we not get rice from Andhra if that is the case?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—The object of forming the Southern Zone for food is not to allow exporters to export rice outside the Southern Zone, but within the Zone itself the merchants can purchase and sell rice. Accordingly there is no restriction for purchase and sale within Mysore, Kerala and Andhra.

Sri C. K. RAJIAH SETTY.—Is it a fact that the Government of India are purchasing from the Andhra Government the surplus rice stocks from Andhra territory?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—The Government of India are purchasing some stocks from Andhra, but those stocks are purchased for distribution among the various States.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—What is the alternative proposal before Government in case the Government of India do not supply rice to this State?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Just now I replied that we were seriously considering this question and we are negotiating with the Government of India also. I hope that possibly we shall be able to find out some satisfactory solution.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎನ್. ಜಿ. ನರಸಿಂಹೇಗೌಡ.—ಮೈಸೂರು ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಳೆ ಹೊಗಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಆಹಾರದ ಪರಿಸ್ಥಿತಿಯು ಬಹಳ ಉತ್ಕಟವಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಇಂಡಿಯಾ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ವಿನಾದರೂ ತಿಳಿಸಿದ್ದೀರಾ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಅವಶ್ಯವಾಗಿ strongly ತಿಳಿಸಿದ್ದೇವೆ.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—May I know the quantity of rice supplied to these 24 fair price depots from the dates of their opening?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—200 tons of rice per month are supplied to South Kanara.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—

Is it not a fact that barring Andhra all the other States in the Southern Zone are deficit States in the matter of food?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Yes, but there is difference in the proportion of deficit.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—Even if all the surplus supplies of Andhra are taken, would that meet the deficits of the other three States in the Zone?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—If we take the statistics of the various States into consideration and the supplies from the Government of India, the conclusion is that if all the surplus stocks of rice of Andhra are made available to the other States of this Zone, then the Zone would be self-supporting.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—What is the agency for supplying rice through these 24 fair price depots? Are they co-operative shops or individual shops?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Almost all of them are run either by municipalities or by co-operative societies. The Government of India also does not want to give these shops to individuals unless it is absolutely necessary. I am not in a position to say, out of these 24 shops which are individual shops and which are not. Most probably, almost all of them do not belong to individuals.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—Have Government issued any instructions to issue identity cards for each family?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—That is not introduced as yet.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—Is it not a fact that it is already in vogue for the last two or three days?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—I am not aware of it. If the Hon'ble Member wants information about it, I shall call for the information. There is a proposal to introduce that, but in the first place the question of supply has arisen.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—Was the decision to introduce family identity cards taken by the Government of India or the Government of Mysore?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Both are concerned in it. The Government of India proposed it and we discussed it in the

conference and the unanimous view of the conference was that identity cards should be introduced.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಎಲ್. ನರಸಿಂಹಯ್ಯ.—ಅಕ್ಕಿಯ ಎರಡ ರಫ್ತು ಗೋಧಿ ಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಆರ್ಡರ್ ಆಗಿದೆ ಏನು?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ನಮನಮವಾಗಿ ಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಇದೆ.

Sri K. L. NARASIMHAIAH.—You are not supplying either rice or wheat. Then what is the use of having these?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—That is a hypothetical question.

Sri Y. MANJAYA SHETTY.—Is it a fact that most of the fair price shops in South Kanara remain closed for want of supplies of rice?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—I do not think so. We are supplying 200 tons of rice per month to South Kanara only.

Sri Y. MANJAYA SHETTY.—Will the Minister verify the fact that most of the fair price shops in South Kanara remain closed and if he is satisfied that it is true, will he make arrangements to supply rice to them?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—I shall explain the position. We are supplying 200 tons of rice per month to South Kanara. If any particular depot is closed and if the Hon'ble Member brings it to my notice, I shall make inquiries into the matter, but I want to point out that it is the Government of India which is going to supply rice to us. We are supplied only 4,000 tons for the whole State and out of that we are supplying 200 tons to South Kanara alone and so it is not possible to increase the quota to South Kanara unless the Government of India increases the State quota.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಎಲ್. ನರಸಿಂಹಯ್ಯ.—ಕೂಪನ್ ಇಲ್ಲದೆ ಇದ್ದವರಿಗೆ ಅಕ್ಕಿ ಗೋಧಿ ಕೊಡಕೂಡದೆಂದು ಡೆಪ್ಯುಟಿ ಕಮಿಷನರ್ ಅವರು ಆರ್ಡರ್ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆಯೇ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಡೆಪ್ಯುಟಿ ಕಮಿಷನರ್ ಅವರ ಆರ್ಡರ್ ಇದ್ದರೆ ಅದನ್ನು ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಾದರೀಕಾಗುವುದು.

Maximum and Minimum Pay of Officials in Government.

Q.—816. Sri G. N. PUTTANNA (Tumkur).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(a) the lowest and highest amount of pay in Mysore as it is now in force in all the departments;

(b) whether they propose to reduce the pay of all the officers and Ministers to Rs. 500 and save the poor public from the burden of oppressive taxation?

A.—Sri T. MARIAPPA (Minister for Finance).—

(a) According to new Pay Scales the highest pay is Rs. 1,500 and lowest is Rs. 50 including Dearness Allowance. (This is excluding posts in All India Cadre and those which are protected under State Re-organisation Act.)

(b) This is not practicable.

ಶ್ರೀ ಜಿ. ಎನ್. ಪುಟ್ಟಣ್ಣ.—ಉತ್ತರ (a) ಅಲ್ಲ "This is excluding posts in All India Cadre and those which are protected under State Re-organisation Act" ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದೆ. Excluding posts in All India Cadre ಎಂದರೆ ಯಾವ posts ಸ್ವಾಮಿ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ಮುಯ್ಯಪ್ಪ.—ತಮಗೆ ಇದು ಗೊತ್ತು ಇದೆ. All India Cadre posts ಅಂದರೆ I.A.S. ಮತ್ತು I.P.S. ಮತ್ತು States Re-organisationದಲ್ಲಿ integrate ಆಗಿರುವ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಿಂದ ಬಂದಿರುವ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ನೌಕರರ pay scalesಗಳು protect ಆಗಿವೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಜಿ. ಎನ್. ಪುಟ್ಟಣ್ಣ.—ಯಾವ ಯಾವ post ಗಳು?

*ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ಮುಯ್ಯಪ್ಪ.—ಎಲ್ಲಾ postಗಳೂ protect ಆಗಿವೆ. ಮುಂಬಯಿ, ಹೈದರಾಬಾದ್ ಮುಂತಾದ ಪ್ರದೇಶಗಳಿಂದ ಬಂದಿರತಕ್ಕ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ನೌಕರರ pay scales protected ಆಗಿವೆ. ಅವರು ಇಷ್ಟಪಟ್ಟರೆ ತಮ್ಮ ಸ್ಟೇರ್ ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು. ಅಥವಾ ಮೈಸೂರಿನ ಹೊಸ ಸ್ಟೇಲನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು.

ಶ್ರೀ ಜಿ. ಎನ್. ಪುಟ್ಟಣ್ಣ.—I.A.S. post ನಂಬಳದ ಒಂದು ಉದಾಹರಣೆಯನ್ನು ಕೊಡುತ್ತೀರಾ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ಮುಯ್ಯಪ್ಪ.—I.A.S. postದ ನಂಬಳ 1,800 ರೂಪಾಯಿವರೆಗೆ ಇದೆ. ರಾಜ್ಯ ಪುನರ್ ವಿಂಗಡಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮುಂಬಯಿ, ಮದರಾಸ್, ಹೈದರಾಬಾದ್ ಮುಂತಾದ ಪ್ರದೇಶಗಳಿಂದ ಬಂದಿರತಕ್ಕ ನೌಕರರ ಎಲ್ಲ pay scales protected ಆಗಿವೆ.

If the incumbents want it to be protected it is protected. Of his own accord if any one opts for the new scales, then it is not protected.